

DETERMINING FIXED, REGULAR AND ADEQUATE

The McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act defines homeless children as “individuals who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence.” These sample questions can be used as a guide in determining whether a family qualifies as homeless under this federal law.

Fixed: *A residence that is stationary, permanent and not subject to change. Factors to consider:*

- Does the family have any legal right to be in that home?
- Is the arrangement permanent or temporary?
- Is the family seeking another place to live?
- How soon does the family plan to move?
- What brought the family to the current living situation?
- Where was the family living previously?
- Where would the family go if they couldn't stay in their current location?
- Did the family move in together to save money? Is this a permanent plan?
- Could the family be asked to leave at any time?
- Is the housing shared equally?
- Is the location on wheels? Does it move to various locations?



Regular: *A residence that is used on a regular, nightly basis. It is consistent. Factors to consider:*

- Does the family move frequently?
- Does the family stay in the same place each night?
- Does the family have a key to the place they are staying?
- How long has the family been there?
- What is their residence plan?
- How long did they live in the last place? Why did the family leave?
- Can the family come and go freely?



Adequate: *A residence that is sufficient for meeting both the physical and psychological needs typically met in a home environment. The residence has adequate privacy, space, security, lighting and ventilation, etc. Factors to consider:*

- How large is the residence?
- How many people reside at that location?
- Is the family sharing a room? How many people share one room?
- Where does the family sleep? Is it in a bedroom, or in a public area such as a dining room or living room?
- Does the place have running water, electricity, and heat?
- What is the condition of the place? Is it safe, warm and dry? Is there glass in the window panes? Are there holes in the structure?
- Is the housing sub-standard (e.g. housing that may cause significant injury, illness or death)?
 - health and safety issues
 - number of occupants vs. number of square feet
 - age of occupants
 - local and state building codes



Adapted from *Best Practices in Homeless Education: Determining Eligibility for Rights and Services Under the McKinney-Vento Act*

(National Association for the Education of Homeless Children and Youth)